

# Transformadas de Laplace

## Definición

$$F(s) = L\{f\}(s) = \int_0^\infty e^{-st} f(t) dt$$

## Potencias

$f(t)$	$F(s) = L\{f\}(s)$
1	$\frac{1}{s}$
$t$	$\frac{1}{s^2}$
$t^n$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}, n \text{ entero y positivo}$
$t^{-1/2}$	$\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{s}}$
$t^{1/2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2s^{3/2}}$
$t^\alpha$	$\frac{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)}{s^{\alpha+1}}, \alpha > -1$

## Funciones trigonométricas

$f(t)$	$F(s) = L\{f\}(s)$
$\sin kt$	$\frac{k}{s^2 + k^2}$
$\cos kt$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + k^2}$
$\sin^2 kt$	$\frac{2k^2}{s(s^2 + 4k^2)}$
$\cos^2 kt$	$\frac{s^2 + 2k^2}{s(s^2 + 4k^2)}$
$t \sin kt$	$\frac{2ks}{(s^2 + k^2)^2}$
$t \cos kt$	$\frac{s^2 - k^2}{(s^2 + k^2)^2}$
$\frac{2(1 - \cos kt)}{t}$	$\ln \frac{s^2 + k^2}{s^2}$
$\frac{\sin at}{t}$	$\arctan \left( \frac{a}{s} \right)$

$f(t)$	$F(s) = L\{f\}(s)$
$\sin kt + kt \cos kt$	$\frac{2ks^2}{(s^2 + k^2)^2}$
$\sin kt - kt \cos kt$	$\frac{2k^3}{(s^2 - k^2)^2}$
$1 - \cos kt$	$\frac{k^2}{s(s^2 + k^2)}$
$kt - \sin kt$	$\frac{k^3}{s^2(s^2 + k^2)}$
$\frac{a \sin bt - b \sin at}{ab(a^2 - b^2)}$	$\frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)(s^2 + b^2)}$
$\frac{\cos bt - \cos at}{a^2 - b^2}$	$\frac{s}{(s^2 + a^2)(s^2 + b^2)}$
$\frac{\sin at \cos bt}{t}$	$\frac{1}{2} \arctan \frac{a+b}{s} + \frac{1}{2} \arctan \frac{a-b}{s}$
$\frac{\sin \varpi t - \varpi t \cos \varpi t}{\omega^2}$	$\frac{s^2}{(s^2 + \omega^2)^2}$

## Funciones hiperbólicas

$f(t)$	$F(s) = L\{f\}(s)$
$\sinh kt$	$\frac{k}{s^2 - k^2}$
$\cosh kt$	$\frac{s}{s^2 - k^2}$
$\sinh^2 kt$	$\frac{2k^2}{s(s^2 - 4k^2)}$
$\cosh^2 kt$	$\frac{s^2 - 2k^2}{s(s^2 - 4k^2)}$
$t \sinh kt$	$\frac{2ks}{(s^2 - k^2)^2}$
$t \cosh kt$	$\frac{s^2 + k^2}{(s^2 - k^2)^2}$
$\frac{2(1 - \cosh kt)}{t}$	$\ln \frac{s^2 - k^2}{s^2}$

## Funciones exponenciales

$f(t)$	$F(s) = L\{f\}(s)$
$e^{at}$	$\frac{1}{s - a}$
$te^{at}$	$\frac{1}{(s - a)^2}$
$t^n e^{at}$	$\frac{n!}{(s - a)^{n+1}}, n \text{ entero y positivo}$
$\frac{e^{bt} - e^{at}}{t}$	$\ln \frac{s-a}{s-b}$
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi t}} e^{-a^2/4t}$	$\frac{e^{-a\sqrt{s}}}{\sqrt{s}}$
$\frac{a}{2\sqrt{\pi t^3}} e^{-a^2/4t}$	$e^{-a\sqrt{s}}$
$\frac{e^{at} - e^{bt}}{a - b}$	$\frac{1}{(s - a)(s - b)}$
$\frac{ae^{at} - be^{bt}}{a - b}$	$\frac{s}{(s - a)(s - b)}$
$\frac{1 - e^{-at}}{a}$	$\frac{1}{(s + a)s}$
$\frac{a}{at - 1 + e^{-at}}$	$\frac{1}{(s + a)s^2}$
$\frac{a^2}{t - \frac{1}{a} + (t + \frac{2}{a})e^{-at}}$	$\frac{1}{(s + a)^2 s^2}$

## Funciones exponenciales con trigonométricas

$f(t)$	$F(s) = L\{f\}(s)$
$e^{at} \sin \omega t$	$\frac{\omega}{(s - a)^2 + \omega^2}$
$e^{at} \cos \omega t$	$\frac{s - a}{(s - a)^2 + \omega^2}$
$\frac{\frac{\omega_n}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} \sin \omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}$	$\frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta \omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$
$-\frac{\frac{\omega_n}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} \sin (\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t - \phi)}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + 2\zeta \omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$
$\phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}{\zeta}$	
$1 - \frac{\frac{\omega_n}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} \sin (\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t - \phi)}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}$	$\frac{\omega_n^2}{(s^2 + 2\zeta \omega_n s + \omega_n^2) s}$
$\phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}{\zeta}$	

## Funciones exponenciales con hiperbólicas

$$\begin{array}{ll} \overline{\overline{f(t)}} & F(s) = L\{ft\}(s) \\ \overline{e^{at}\sinh kt} & \frac{k}{(s-a)^2 - k^2} \\ e^{at}\cosh kt & \frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2 - k^2} \end{array}$$

## Funciones trigonométricas con hiperbólicas

$$\begin{array}{ll} \overline{\overline{f(t)}} & F(s) = L\{f\}(s) \\ \overline{\sin kt \sinh kt} & \frac{2k^2 s}{s^2 + 4k^4} \\ \overline{\sin kt \cosh kt} & \frac{k(s^2 + 2k^2)}{s^4 + 4k^4} \\ \overline{\cos kt \sinh kt} & \frac{k(s^2 - 2k^2)}{s^4 + 4k^4} \\ \overline{\cos kt \cosh kt} & \frac{s^3}{s^4 + 4k^4} \end{array}$$

## Función de Dirac

$$\begin{array}{ll} \overline{\overline{f(t)}} & F(s) = L\{f\}(s) \\ \overline{\delta(t)} & 1 \\ \delta(t - t_0) & e^{-st_0} \end{array}$$

## Funciones con escalón unitario

$$\begin{array}{ll} \overline{\overline{f(t)}} & F(s) = L\{f\}(s) \\ \overline{e^{at}f(t)} & F(s-a) \\ f(t-a)u(t-a) & e^{-as}F(s) \\ u(t-a) & \frac{e^{-as}}{s} \end{array}$$

## Propiedades

$$\begin{array}{ll} \overline{\overline{f(t)}} & F(s) = L\{f\}(s) \\ \overline{e^{at}f(t)} & F(s-a) \\ f(t-a)u(t-a) & e^{-as}F(s) \\ f^{(n)}(t) & s^n F(s) - s^{(n-1)}f(0) - \dots - f^{(n-1)}(0) \\ t^n f(t) & (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{ds^n} F(s) \\ \int_0^t f(\tau) g(t-\tau) d\tau & F(s) G(s) \end{array}$$